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Hutt South

Electorate Profile

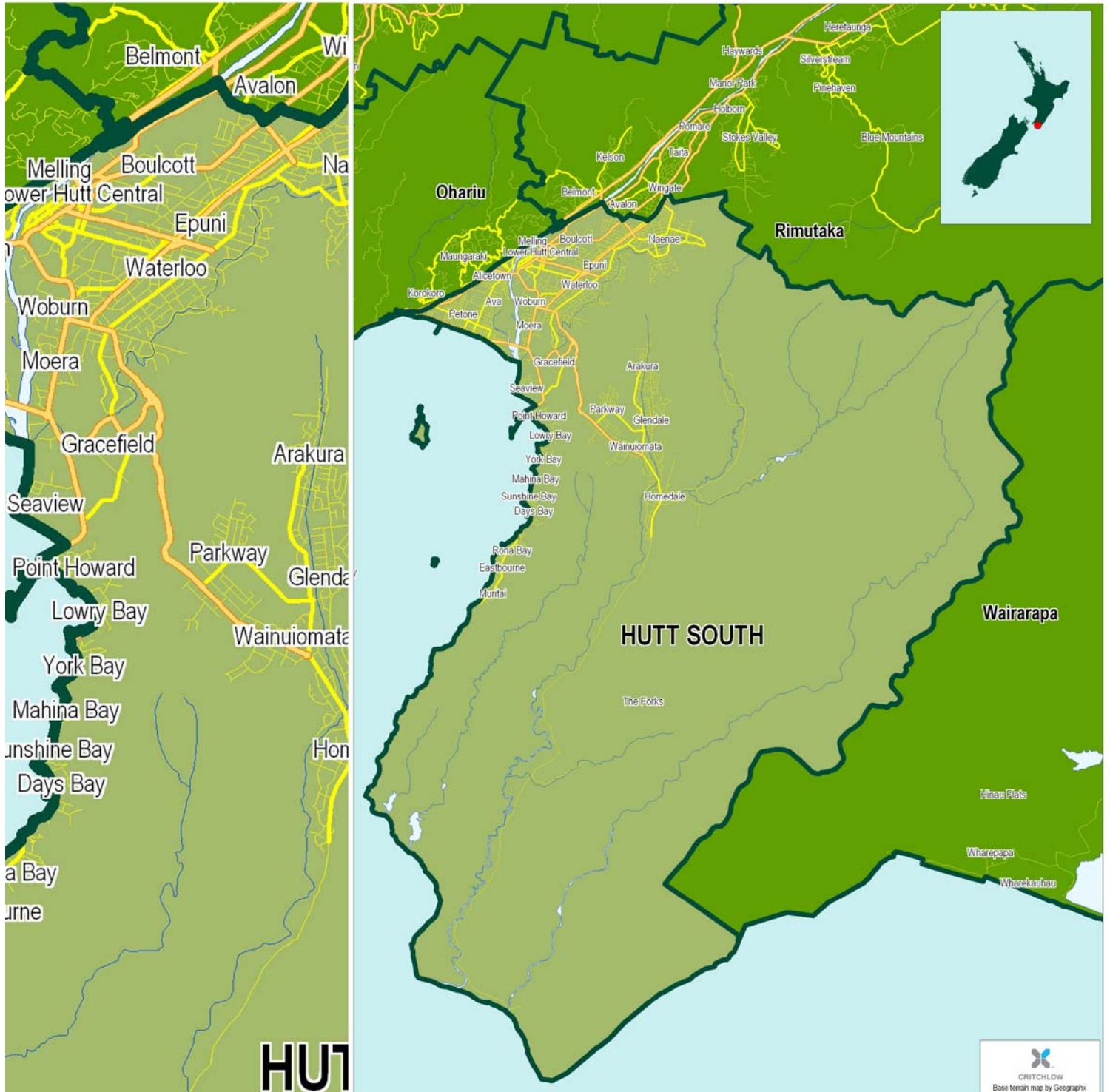


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Hutt South: Electoral Profile

General Notes

With Wellington Harbour and State Highway 2 marking its western boundary, the Hutt South electorate encompasses much of Petone and the Lower Hutt valley as far north as Avalon and Naenae. Its eastern communities include Wainuiomata and Eastbourne.

In 2006 15.6% of those employed aged 15 or over were clerical and administrative workers – the third-highest proportion in the country. Of those who had a religious affiliation, 18.3 % were Catholic – the highest proportion in the country.

Election Results

The winning candidate in the 2008 election, Trevor Mallard (Labour Party), captured a plurality (49.28%) of the 33,869 valid electorate votes cast for candidates in the Hutt South electorate. The seat was also held in 2005 by Trevor Mallard (Labour Party) with a margin of 5,740. The Labour Party captured a plurality (42.79%) of the party votes in Hutt South, down almost 5 percentage points on its party vote share in 2005. Turnout (total votes cast as a proportion of enrolled electors) in 2008 was 82.30%.

2008 Election Results (Electorate)

Candidate	Valid Votes	Share (%)
MALLARD, Trevor (LAB)	16,690	49.28
QUINN, Paul (NAT)	12,604	37.21
HORROCKS, Virginia (GP)	2,635	7.78
SMITH, Murray (UFNZ)	812	2.40
MITCHELL, Lindsay (ACT)	655	1.93
CHIN, Camilia (KIWI)	380	1.12
HOWISON, Phil (LIB)	93	0.27
Total Valid Votes	33,869	100.00
Total Votes Cast	34,283	101.22

Winning Candidate: MALLARD, Trevor Colin - majority 4086

For interpretation of abbreviations, see Glossary.

2008 Election Results - Party Vote

Party	Valid Votes	Share (%)
Labour Party	14,769	42.79
National Party	13,057	37.83
Green Party	2,655	7.69
New Zealand First Party	1,208	3.50
ACT New Zealand	950	2.75
United Future	490	1.42
Jim Anderton's Progressive	305	0.88
Māori Party	293	0.85
Kiwi Party	203	0.59
The Bill and Ben Party	197	0.57
Aotearoa Legalise Cannabis Party	128	0.37
Family Party	83	0.24
New Zealand Pacific Party	63	0.18
Alliance	45	0.13
Libertarianz	36	0.10
Workers Party	12	0.03
RAM - Residents Action Movement	8	0.02
Democrats for Social Credit	7	0.02
The Republic of New Zealand Party	3	0.01
Total Valid Votes	34,512	100.00
Total Votes Cast	34,669	100.45

2005 Election Results (Electorate)

Candidate	Valid Votes	Share (%)
MALLARD, Trevor (LAB)	16,125	50.02
THOMAS, Rosemarie (NAT)	10,385	32.21
SMITH, Murray (UF)	1,905	5.91
BRUCE, Paul (GRE)	1,719	5.33
LEVARKO, Howard (NZF)	698	2.17
MITCHELL, Lindsay (ACT)	579	1.80
KNIGHT, David (DEST)	335	1.04
ROPATA, Maraea (MP)	322	1.00
McSEVENEY, Jack (IND)	106	0.33
HOWISON, Philip John (LIB)	64	0.20
Total Valid Votes	32,238	100.00
Total Votes Cast	32,545	100.95

Winning Candidate: MALLARD, Trevor (LAB) - Majority: 5740

For interpretation of abbreviations, see Glossary.

2005 Election Results - Party Vote

Party	Valid Votes	Share (%)
Labour Party	15,534	47.54
National Party	11,464	35.09
Green Party	1,831	5.60
United Future New Zealand	1,267	3.88
New Zealand First Party	1,262	3.86
ACT New Zealand	420	1.29
Jim Andertons Progressive	337	1.03
Māori Party	193	0.59
Destiny New Zealand	181	0.55
Aotearoa Legalise Cannabis Party	77	0.24
Alliance	27	0.08
Libertarianz	21	0.06
Christian Heritage NZ	21	0.06
NZ Family Rights Protection Party	11	0.03
Democrats for Social Credit	9	0.03
99 MP Party	7	0.02
Direct Democracy Party	4	0.01
OneNZ Party	4	0.01
The Republic of NZ Party	3	0.01
Total Valid Votes	32,673	100.00
Total Votes Cast	32,817	100.44

Voter Enrolment and Turnout 2005, 2008

	Hutt South	NZ	Hutt South	NZ
	2005		2008	
Voting Age Population (VAP)*	44,900	2,990,300	49,100	3,138,000
Electors on General Roll (EGR)	39,626	2,639,393	42,588	2,761,093
Electors on Māori Roll	3,789	208,003	4,315	229,666
Total Enrolled**	43,415	2,847,396	46,903	2,990,759
Total Votes Cast by EGR (TVC)	33,065	2,164,495	35,049	2,233,146
% VAP Enrolled	97	95	96	95
Turnout (TVC as % EGR)	83	82	82	81

* Estimated population statistics as at: June 2005; June 2008; ** Enrolment statistics as at: September 2005; November 2008.

Hutt South: People

Population Summary

	Numbers and Percent Change
Usually Resident Population 2006 Census	64,851
Usually Resident Population 2001 Census	63,687
Increase 2001-06	1,164
Percent Increase 2001-06	2
Percent Increase 2001-06, New Zealand	8

Age Groups of the Usually Resident Population

	Hutt South			New Zealand
	Number	%	Rank *	%
Age 0-4 Years	4,869	7.5	14	6.8
Age 5-14 Years	9,945	15.3	23	14.7
Age 15-19 Years	4,962	7.7	22	7.5
Age 20-29 Years	8,073	12.4	27	12.7
Age 30-49 Years	19,563	30.2	24	29.4
Age 50-64 Years	10,134	15.6	44	16.5
Age 65 Years and Over	7,308	11.3	38	12.3
Total	64,854	100.0		100.0
Median Age (Years)	35		39	
Total 18 Years and Over	46,863	72.3		73.8
Total Males	31,572	48.7		48.8
Total Females	33,279	51.3		51.2

The median age for New Zealand as a whole is 35 years.

Ethnic Groups of the Usually Resident Population

	Hutt South			New Zealand
	Number	%	Rank *	%
European	41,064	64.7	45	67.6
Māori	11,508	18.1	17	14.6
Pacific Peoples	6,528	10.3	13	6.9
Asian	5,733	9.0	26	9.2
Middle Eastern/Latin American/African	765	1.2	19	0.9
Other (incl New Zealander)	5,997	9.5	47	11.2
Total Specified	63,450	100.0		100.0
Not Elsewhere Indicated	1,401	2.2		4.3

People reporting themselves in more than one category have been counted in each, so the sum of responses in the table may be greater than the number of people responding.

Birthplace of Usually Resident New Zealand Population

	Hutt South			New Zealand
	Number	%	Rank *	%
New Zealand	49,476	76.3	33	73.5
Overseas	13,602	21.0	27	21.8
Not Specified	1,776	2.7		4.7
Total	64,851	100.0		100.0

Birthplace and Years Since Arrival in New Zealand, for Overseas Born

	Hutt South			New Zealand
	Number	%	Rank *	%
UK and Ireland				
under 5 Yrs	420	3.1	55	5.8
5 - 9 Yrs	222	1.6	51	2.2
10 - 19 Yrs	375	2.8	44	3.0
20 Yrs and over	2,781	20.4	33	16.8
Total UK and Ireland	3,909	28.7	38	28.6
Pacific Islands				
under 5 Yrs	543	4.0	11	3.3
5 - 9 Yrs	420	3.1	11	2.5
10 - 19 Yrs	678	5.0	10	3.5
20 Yrs and over	1,083	8.0	8	4.8
Total Pacific Islands	2,979	21.9	9	15.4
North East Asia ⁽¹⁾				
under 5 Yrs	408	3.0	38	7.3
5 - 9 Yrs	264	1.9	28	3.6
10 - 19 Yrs	267	2.0	27	3.3
20 Yrs and over	168	1.2	5	0.6
Total North-East Asia;	1,155	8.5	30	15.4
Overseas Born				
under 5 Yrs	3,087	22.7	58	30.9
5 - 9 Yrs	1,905	14.0	29	16.2
10 - 19 Yrs	2,352	17.3	21	17.0
20 Yrs and over	5,658	41.6	23	31.5
Total Overseas Born	13,602	100.0		100.0

⁽¹⁾ North East Asia includes China, Korea, Taiwan, Hong Kong, Japan.

Languages Spoken

	Hutt South			New Zealand
	Number	%	Rank *	%
English	60,243	92.9	27	91.2
Māori	3,378	5.2	15	3.9
NZ Sign	375	0.6	35	0.6
Samoan	2,949	4.5	9	2.1
Other	8,142	12.6	26	12.6
None	1,371	2.1	14	1.9
Total People	64,854	100.0		100.0

People reporting themselves in more than one category have been counted in each, so the sum of responses in the table may be greater than the number of people responding.

Highest Qualifications of the Population aged 15 years and over

	Hutt South			New Zealand
	Number	%	Rank *	%
No Qualification	11,532	23.0	37	22.4
Level 1 Certificate Gained at School	6,246	12.5	35	12.2
Level 2 Certificate Gained at School	4,557	9.1	11	8.3
Level 3 or 4 Certificate Gained at School	2,565	5.1	25	5.4
Overseas Secondary School Qualification	2,442	4.9	29	5.5
Level 1, 2 or 3 Certificate Gained Post-school	2,370	4.7	6	4.1
Level 4 Certificate Gained Post-school	4,434	8.9	39	9.1
Level 5 Diploma	1,725	3.4	31	3.5
Level 6 Diploma	2,265	4.5	48	5.0
Bachelor Degree and Level 7 Qualifications	5,178	10.3	22	10.0
Post-Graduate and Honours Degree	942	1.9	20	1.8
Masters Degree	1,077	2.2	21	1.9
Doctorate Degree	369	0.7	16	0.5
Not Specified	4,335	8.7	46	10.4
Total	50,040	100.0		100.0

Ethnic Group of School Pupils

	Hutt South			New Zealand
	Number	%	Rank *	%
European	7,729	53.9	43	57.4
Māori	3,353	23.4	21	21.6
Pacific Peoples	1,618	11.3	15	9.3
Asian	1,200	8.4	24	8.3
Other	371	2.6	18	2.1
Overseas	60	0.4	49	1.4
Total Roll	14,331	100.0		100.0

Prepared from Ministry of Education data.

Iwi Affiliations

Iwi	Number
Ngāti Porou	2,919
Ngāpuhi	1,272
Tūhoe	1,038
Ngāti Tūwharetoa	762
Ngāi Tahu / Kāi Tahu	708
Te Atiawa (Taranaki)	654
Ngāti Kahungunu ki Te Wairoa	621
Ngāti Maniapoto	606
Ngāti Kahungunu region unspecified	462
Te Arawa	417
Ngāti Raukawa (Horowhenua/Manawatū)	399
Waikato	375
Ngāti Kahungunu ki Wairarapa	315
Te Atiawa (Te Whanganui-a-Tara/Wellington)	276
Te Atiawa region unspecified	261
Te Ahi Haunui-a-Pāpārangi	243
Te Whānau-a-Apanui	240
Te Aitanga-a-Māhaki	222
Ngāti Ruanui	222
Ngāti Raukawa region unspecified	222
Ngāti Awa	216
Whakatōhea	201
Ngāti Raukawa (Waikato)	177
Taranaki	171
Ngā Ruahine	165
Ngāti Kahungunu ki Heretaunga	156
Hapū Affiliated to More Than One Iwi	156
Ngaiterangi	153
Tainui	141
Rongomaiwahine (Te Māhia)	126

These are the top 30 Iwi for the Hutt South electorate. People reporting themselves in more than one iwi have been counted in each, so the sum of responses in the table may be greater than the number of people.

Religious Affiliations

	Hutt South			New Zealand
	Number	%	Rank *	%
Buddhist	777	1.3	28	1.4
Christian	33,606	54.6	26	54.2
- Anglican	8,523	13.9	37	14.8
- Baptist	915	1.5	28	1.5
- Brethren	228	0.4	33	0.5
- Catholic	11,274	18.3	1	13.6
- Christian (not further defined)	2,820	4.6	42	5.0
- Congregational/Reformed	507	0.8	9	0.4
- Jehovahs Witnesses	210	0.3	45	0.5
- Latter Day Saints	627	1.0	22	1.2
- Methodist	1,623	2.6	39	3.3
- Pentecostal	1,590	2.6	16	2.1
- Presbyterian	4,563	7.4	53	10.3
- Salvation Army	240	0.4	18	0.3
- Seventh Day Adventist	132	0.2	47	0.4
Hindu	1,698	2.8	14	1.7
Islam/Muslim	630	1.0	23	1.0
Judaism/Jewish	120	0.2	15	0.2
Māori Christian	1,119	1.8	18	1.8
- Ratana	777	1.3	20	1.4
- Ringatū	363	0.6	6	0.4
Spiritualism and New Age Religions	336	0.5	29	0.5
Other Religions	255	0.4	41	0.7
Residual Categories	7,215	11.7	52	14.3
No Religion	20,787	33.8	42	34.6
Total Specified	61,515	100.0		100.0

People reporting themselves in more than one category have been counted in each, so the sum of responses in the table may be greater than the number of people responding.

* Rank 1 (high) to 63 (low) among general electorates. Ranks are of % in each group. Some totals may differ due to rounding.

All tables prepared from Statistics New Zealand 2006 Census data, unless otherwise noted.

Hutt South: Households

Family Type of Families in Private Dwellings

	Hutt South			New Zealand
	Number	%	Rank *	%
Couple Only	5,883	34.0	53	39.9
Two Parent Family	7,626	44.1	24	42.0
One Parent Family	3,768	21.8	12	18.1
Total	17,280	100.0		100.0

Family Income

	Hutt South			New Zealand
	Number	%	Rank *	%
Nil or Loss	69	0.4	55	0.7
\$1-\$5,000	144	0.8	33	1.0
\$5,001-\$10,000	156	0.9	38	1.0
\$10,001-\$15,000	309	1.8	35	1.8
\$15,001-\$20,000	633	3.7	39	3.7
\$20,001-\$25,000	1,038	6.0	46	7.7
\$25,001-\$30,000	534	3.1	40	3.3
\$30,001-\$35,000	678	3.9	44	4.5
\$35,001-\$40,000	720	4.2	40	4.4
\$40,001-\$50,000	1,275	7.4	36	7.8
\$50,001-\$70,000	2,586	15.0	39	15.9
\$70,001-\$100,000	2,892	16.7	21	15.8
\$100,001+	3,744	21.7	19	18.5
Not Specified	2,496	14.4		13.9
Total	17,280	100.0		100.0
Median (\$)	64,200		26	

The median family income for New Zealand as a whole is \$59,000.

Social Marital Status

	Hutt South			New Zealand
	Number	%	Rank *	%
Married	20,958	41.9	45	43.7
Other Partnership	7,005	14.0	17	13.5
Total Partnership	27,960	55.9	43	57.3
Non-Partnered	19,920	39.8	12	36.2
Not Stated	2,157	4.3		6.6
Total	50,040	100.0		100.0

Household Composition of Private Dwellings

	Hutt South			New Zealand
	Number	%	Rank *	%
One Family	15,855	67.1	42	67.8
Two Families	651	2.8	21	2.5
Three or More Families	39	0.2	21	0.2
Non-Family Household	1,065	4.5	21	5.0
One Person Household	5,817	24.6	21	22.6
Not Available	186	0.8		1.9
Total Households	23,619	100.0		100.0

Access to Telecommunications

	Hutt South			New Zealand
	Number	%	Rank *	%
No Access	501	2.1	21	2.0
Cellphone	17,052	72.2	26	71.1
Telephone	21,141	89.5	24	87.8
Fax	4,014	17.0	58	24.9
Internet	13,674	57.9	31	58.0
Total Households	23,616	100.0		100.0

Households reporting more than one means of access to telecommunications have been counted in each stated category. Thus the sum of responses in the table will be greater than the number of households.

Tenure of Dwellings

	Hutt South			New Zealand
	Number	%	Rank *	%
Owned	14,673	62.1	36	62.7
- mortgage	7,884	33.4	25	32.9
- no mortgage	6,198	26.2	38	27.1
- mortgage not specified	591	2.5	40	2.7
Not owned	7,833	33.2	19	31.1
- paying rent	7,068	29.9	18	26.7
- no rent	657	2.8	52	3.9
- rent not specified	105	0.4	29	0.4
Tenure not specified	1,113	4.7		6.2
Total households	23,619	100.0		100.0

Socio-Economic Status Decile of Schools in the Electorate, July 2007

Decile	Hutt South				New Zealand	
	Number of Schools	%	Number of Pupils	%	% of Schools	% of Pupils
One	2	5.1	565	3.9	10.4	7.4
Two	4	10.3	1,280	8.9	9.7	7.5
Three	4	10.3	915	6.4	9.6	7.9
Four	8	20.5	2,871	20.0	9.9	9.6
Five	3	7.7	1,073	7.5	9.7	10.1
Six	1	2.6	155	1.1	9.5	9.5
Seven	2	5.1	1,023	7.1	9.9	10.7
Eight	2	5.1	719	5.0	9.1	9.3
Nine	4	10.3	2,939	20.5	9.8	10.4
Ten	7	17.9	2,049	14.3	10.0	14.6
Not allocated	2	5.1	742	5.2	2.3	3.0
Total	39	100.0	14,331	100.0	100.0	100.0

Decile Ten is the highest socio-economic status.

Prepared from Ministry of Education data.

Index of Socioeconomic Deprivation for Areas within the Electorate

Area Unit	Index of Deprivation 2006 (1)
Woburn North	1
Eastbourne	1
Pencarrow	2
Waterloo West	2
Hutt Central	3
Boulcott	4
Waterloo East	5
Woburn South	6
Alicetown	6
Parkway	7
Fernlea	7
Homedale East	7
Epuni West	7
Waiwhetu South	7
Melling	7
Petone Central	7
Esplanade	7
Wilford	7
Arakura	8
Homedale West	8
Epuni East	8
Waiwhetu North	8
Glendale	9
Avalon East	9
Naenae North	10
Naenae South	10
Gracefield	10
Moera	10

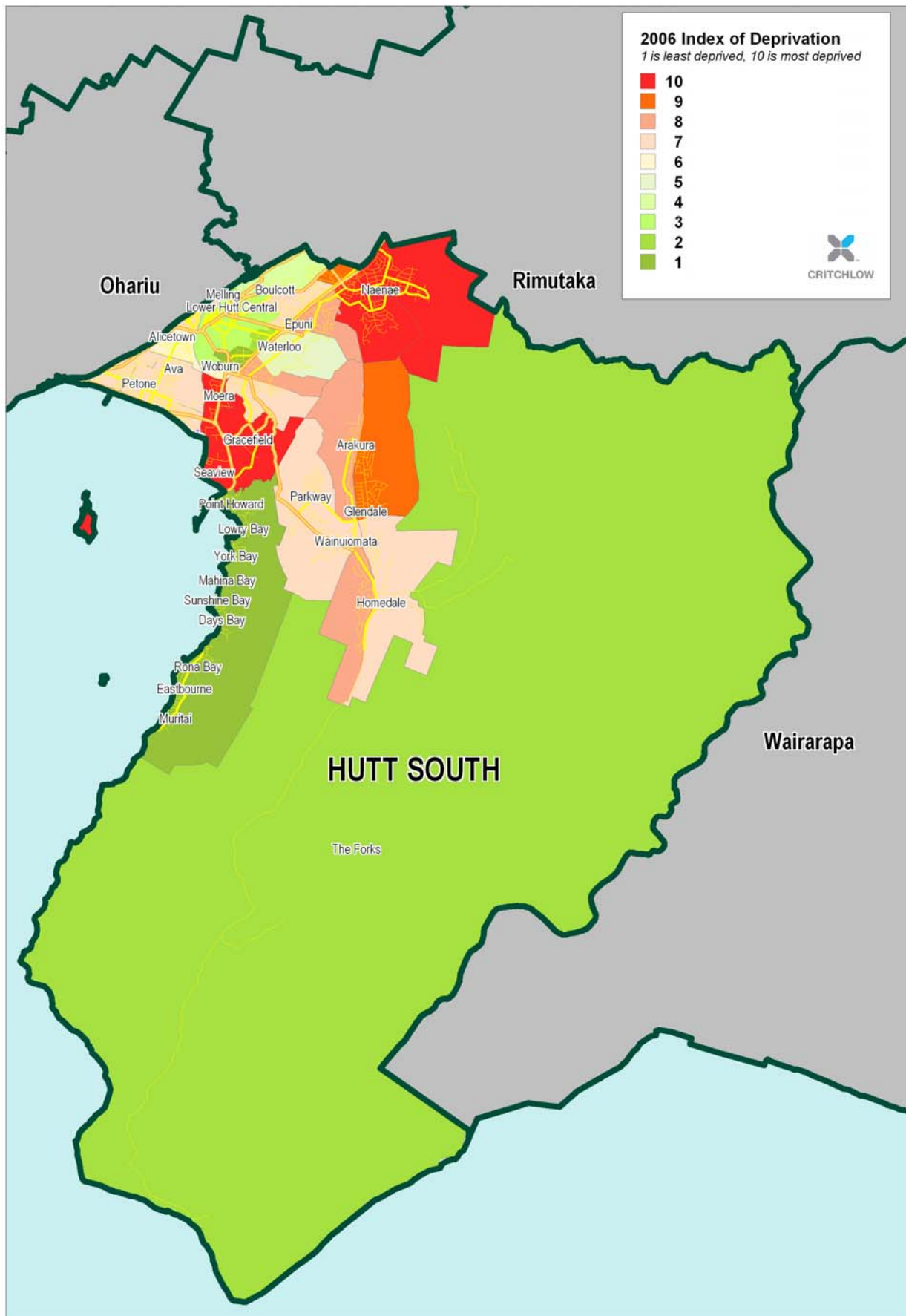
(1) The higher the Index of Deprivation (1 - 10), the more socioeconomically deprived an area is considered (see Glossary). Area Units do not correspond directly to Electorates, therefore only Area Units that are primarily within each Electorate are included.

Prepared from data published by the University of Otago, Wellington.

* Rank 1 (high) to 63 (low) among general electorates. Ranks are of % in each group. Some totals may differ due to rounding.

All tables prepared from Statistics New Zealand 2006 Census data, unless otherwise noted.

Index of Deprivation Map



Hutt South: Work

Personal Income of the Population aged 15 years and over

	Hutt South			New Zealand
	Number	%	Rank *	%
Nil or Loss	2,430	4.9	29	5.1
\$1-\$5,000	3,243	6.5	36	7.0
\$5,001-\$10,000	3,417	6.8	40	7.2
\$10,001-\$15,000	5,133	10.3	38	11.3
\$15,001-\$20,000	3,927	7.8	34	8.2
\$20,001-\$25,000	3,498	7.0	32	7.0
\$25,001-\$30,000	3,651	7.3	25	6.8
\$30,001-\$35,000	3,411	6.8	20	6.4
\$35,001-\$40,000	3,576	7.1	4	6.4
\$40,001-\$50,000	4,443	8.9	21	8.3
\$50,001-\$70,000	4,761	9.5	22	8.9
\$70,001-\$100,000	2,349	4.7	20	4.0
\$100,001+	1,935	3.9	18	3.3
Not Specified	4,260	8.5		10.2
Total	50,037	100.0		100.0
Median (\$)	26,700		22	

The median personal income for New Zealand as a whole is \$24,400.

Income Support Received by those aged 15 years and over

	Hutt South			New Zealand
	Number	%	Rank *	%
NZ Superannuation or Veterans Pension	6,492	13.0	36	13.9
Unemployment Benefit	1,986	4.0	11	2.9
Sickness Benefit	1,122	2.2	32	2.2
Domestic Purposes Benefit	1,815	3.6	16	2.9
Invalids Benefit	1,212	2.4	34	2.4
Student Allowance	840	1.7	33	2.0
Other government benefits	1,536	3.1	34	3.0
No government benefit	42,840	85.6	46	87.3
Not specified	2,229	4.5		6.3
Total aged 15 and over	50,037	100.0		100.0

People reporting themselves in more than one category have been counted in each, so the sum of responses in the table may be greater than the number of people responding.

Labour Force and Employment Status of the Population aged 15 years and over

	Hutt South			New Zealand
	Number	%	Rank *	%
Full-time Employed	25,587	51.1	13	48.4
Part-time Employed	6,801	13.6	49	14.4
Unemployed	2,007	4.0	15	3.4
Total Labour Force	34,392	68.7	12	66.2
Not in Labour Force	14,931	29.8	36	30.4
Labour Force Status Not Specified	714	1.4		3.4
Total Aged 15 Years and over	50,040	100.0		100.0
Employed				
- Paid Employee	26,562	53.1	7	47.9
- Employer	1,701	3.4	46	4.5
- Self-Employed, Not Employing	3,012	6.0	50	7.5
- Unpaid Worker in Family Business	330	0.7	54	1.3
- Employment Status Not Specified	876	1.8	25	1.8
- Total Gainfully Employed	32,385	64.7	20	62.8

Occupations of the Gainfully Employed

	Hutt South			New Zealand
	Number	%	Rank *	%
Managers	4,653	14.4	50	17.1
Professionals	6,621	20.4	20	18.8
Technicians and Trades Workers	3,954	12.2	35	12.2
Community and Personal Service Workers	2,388	7.4	42	7.9
Clerical and Administrative Workers	5,055	15.6	3	12.1
Sales Workers	3,216	9.9	24	9.4
Machinery Operators and Drivers	2,022	6.2	19	5.8
Labourers	2,676	8.3	43	11.0
Not specified	1,803	5.6		5.7
Total	32,385	100.0		100.0

Business Locations by Industry at February 2006

	Business locations	People employed
Agriculture	29	20
Services to Agriculture; Hunting and Trapping	6	20
Forestry and Logging	15	6
Commercial Fishing	6	0
Other Mining	3	18
Services to Mining	8	0
Food Beverage and Tobacco	26	1,670
Textile Clothing Footwear and Leather Mfg	21	540
Wood and Paper Product Manufacturing	44	400
Printing Publishing and Recorded Media	65	710
Petroleum Coal Chemical etc Manufacturing	43	900
Non-Metallic Mineral Product Manufacturing	12	70
Metal Product Manufacturing	90	910
Machinery and Equipment Manufacturing	93	1,020
Other Manufacturing	52	320
Electricity and Gas Supply	4	190
Water Supply Sewerage and Drainage Services	4	80
General Construction	256	980
Construction Trade Services	520	1,970
Basic Material Wholesaling	121	950
Machinery and Motor Vehicle Wholesaling	209	1,030
Personal and Household Good Wholesaling	201	1,300
Food Retailing	245	1,720
Personal and Household Good Retailing	442	2,470
Motor Vehicle Retailing and Services	232	1,100
Accommodation Cafes and Restaurants	178	1,550
Road Transport	197	720
Rail Transport	2	3
Water Transport	5	3
Air and Space Transport	4	6
Other Transport	5	3
Services to Transport	45	300
Storage	18	150
Communication Services	67	1,560
Finance	91	280
Insurance	18	20
Services to Finance and Insurance	72	330
Property Services	978	390
Business Services	1,020	5,400
Government Administration	24	1,230
Defence	1	6
Education	151	2,600
Health Services	227	3,090
Community Services	71	950
Motion Picture Radio and Television Services	33	35
Libraries Museums and the Arts	55	150
Sport and Recreation	102	720
Personal Services	175	480
Other Services	144	700
Total All Industry	6,430	39,080

These data are for the approximate electorate, to the nearest area unit. Included: enterprises having annual GST sales of \$30,000+ or other indicator of economic significance. Prepared from Stats NZ Business Demographic data.

Industries of the Gainfully Employed

	Hutt South			New Zealand
	Number	%	Rank *	%
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	132	0.4	56	6.8
Mining	33	0.1	32	0.2
Manufacturing	3,255	10.1	38	11.0
Electricity, gas, water and waste services	162	0.5	23	0.5
Construction	2,508	7.7	27	7.5
Wholesale trade	1,686	5.2	30	5.0
Retail trade	3,138	9.7	34	9.9
Accommodation	1,587	4.9	35	5.6
Transport, postal and warehousing	1,602	4.9	13	4.1
Information media and telecommunications	777	2.4	17	1.9
Financial and insurance services	1,611	5.0	10	3.2
Rental, hiring and real estate services	786	2.4	43	2.7
Professional, scientific and technical services	3,129	9.7	16	7.8
Administrative and support services	1,194	3.7	21	3.3
Public administration and safety	2,574	7.9	7	4.1
Education and training	2,154	6.7	41	7.2
Health care and social assistance	2,433	7.5	34	8.1
Arts and recreation services	489	1.5	37	1.6
Other services	1,458	4.5	8	3.9
Not Elsewhere Included	1,674	5.2		5.6
Total	32,385	100.0		100.0

* Rank 1 (high) to 63 (low) among general electorates. Ranks are of % in each group. Some totals may differ due to rounding.

All tables prepared from Statistics New Zealand 2006 Census data, unless otherwise noted.

Glossary

Term	Meaning
Abbreviations	The party abbreviations for 2008 are: Aotearoa NZ Youth Party (ANYIPP), ACT New Zealand (ACT), Alliance (ALL), Aotearoa Legalise Cannabis Party (ALCP), Communist League (CL), Democrats for Social Credit (NZDSC), Direct Democracy Party (DDP), Family Party (FAM), Green Party (GP), Hapu Party (HP), Human Rights Party (HR), Independent (IND), Jim Anderton's Progressive (JAP), Kiwi Party (KIWI), Labour Party (LAB), Libertarianz (LIB), McGillicuddy Serious Party (McG), Māori Party (MAOR), National Party (NAT), New Zealand First Party (NZF), New Zealand Pacific Party (NZPP), New Zealand Representative Party (NZRP), No Commercial Airport at Whenuapai Airbase (NCAWAP), NZ Economic Euthenics (NZEE), RAM – Residents Action Movement (RAM), Restore All Things in Christ (RATC), The Bill and Ben Party (BB), The Republic of NZ Party (RONZP), United Future (UFNZ), Workers Party (WP).
-	The party abbreviations for 2005 are: 99 MP Party (99MP), ACT New Zealand (ACT), Alliance (ALL), Anti-Capitalist Alliance (ACA), Aotearoa Legalise Cannabis Party (ALCP), Christian Heritage NZ (CH), Communist League (CL), Democrats for Social Credit (DEM), Destiny New Zealand (DEST), Direct Democracy Party (DDP), Equal Values Party (EVP), Green Party (GRE), Human Rights (HR), Independent (IND), Jim Anderton's Progressive (JAP), Labour Party (LAB), Libertarianz (LIB), Māori Party (MP), National Party (NAT), New Zealand First Party (NZF), NZ Economic Euthenics (NZEE), NZ Family Rights Protection Party (NZFRP), NZ Republicans Party (NZREP), OneNZ Party (OneNZ), Rangitikei First (RF), Restore All Things in Christ (RATIC), The Republic of NZ Party (REP), United Future New Zealand (UF).
	The party abbreviations for 2002 are: ACT (ACT), Alliance (ALL), Anti-Capitalist Alliance (ACA), Aotearoa NZ Youth (ANZY), Aroha Ngia Tatou (ANT), Beneficiaries (BEN), Christian Heritage (CH), Communist League (CL), Green Party (GRE), Human Rights (HR), Independent (IND), Labour Party (LAB), Legalise Cannabis (LC), Libertarianz (LIB), MAI (MAI), Mana Maori (MM), Maori Party (MP), National Party (NAT), New Generation (NG), Nga Iwi Morehu (NIM), NMP (NMP), NZ Economic Euthenics (NZEE), NZ Equal Rights (NZER), NZ First (NZF), OneNZ Party (1NZ), Outdoor Rec. NZ (ORNZ), P.C.P Coalition (PCPC), Progressive Coalition (PC), Project Hope (PH), Quality of Life (QOL,) Reform's Tahī (RT), United Future (UF).
Area Units	Area Units are aggregations of meshblocks. They are non-administrative areas intermediate between meshblocks and territorial authorities. Area units of main or secondary urban areas generally coincide with suburbs or parts thereof. Area units within urban areas normally contain 3,000-5,000 population though this can vary due to such things as industrial areas, port areas, rural areas and so on within the urban area boundaries. In rural areas, the straddling of some territorial authorities over regional boundaries has resulted in a number of area units having only 2 or 3 meshblocks and a very low population count. (Statistics New Zealand).
Average	The sum of a list of numbers, divided by the total number of numbers in the list. Also called arithmetic mean.
Census usually resident population	Population as calculated on census night, the latest census figures being as at March 2006. The census usually resident population count is all people counted in New Zealand on census night excluding overseas visitors and New Zealand residents temporarily overseas.
Employment	Full-time employment is equal to people working 30 or more hours per week. Part-time employment is equal to people working 1-29 hours per week.
General electoral population	Total ordinarily resident population as shown in the census of population and dwellings, with the exception of the Māori electoral population.
Income	Includes income from all sources, including not only wages and salaries, but also other sources such as benefits, interest payments etc. Income figures given are for before tax (gross) income.
Index of Socioeconomic Deprivation	The Index of Deprivation (a number from 1 to 10) is high for an area with a high degree of socioeconomic "deprivation", and is low for an affluent or less needy area. In New Zealand as a whole, small areas are evenly divided among the ten deciles. The index is calculated from such factors as proportions of people dependent on benefits, unemployed, and living in a single-parent family, and proportions of households with income below a certain threshold, with no access to a telephone, and with no access to a car.

	For more information, see the NZDep2006 Index of Deprivation Research Report (http://www.wnmeds.ac.nz/academic/dph/research/socialindicators.html)
Māori electoral population	A figure representing both the persons registered as electors of the Māori electoral districts and a proportion of the persons of New Zealand Māori descent under the age of 18 years. The proportion is determined by dividing the total number of persons registered as electors of Māori electoral districts by the number of persons of New Zealand Māori descent registered.
Mean	The sum of a list of numbers, divided by the total number of numbers in the list. Also called arithmetic mean or average.
Median	Median is the "middle value" of a list. The smallest number such that at least half the numbers in the list are no greater than it. If the list has an odd number of entries, the median is the middle entry in the list after sorting the list into increasing order. If the list has an even number of entries, the median is equal to the sum of the two middle (after sorting) numbers divided by two.
Meshblock	The meshblock is the smallest geographic area used by Statistics New Zealand in the collection and/or processing of data. The meshblock is thus the building block for aggregation into larger areas such as area units and urban areas.
	Over time, the division of meshblocks and changes in population patterns have resulted in meshblock population counts having a considerable range. There are meshblocks with nil population and some with over 500 population. There are over 42,000 meshblocks across New Zealand. (Statistics New Zealand).
Quotas	The Electoral Act 1993 provides that the South Island has 16 General electoral districts. The General electoral population of the South Island is divided by 16 to give the South Island quota. The North Island General electoral population is then divided by the South Island quota to give the number of North Island General electoral districts. The North Island General electoral population is divided by the number of North Island General electorates to give the North Island quota. For the 2007 electorate boundaries, the South Island quota is 57,562 and the North Island quota is 57,243.
	In a similar way, the Māori electoral population is divided by the South Island quota and rounded to give the number of Māori electoral districts. The Māori electoral quota is the Māori electoral population divided by the number of Māori electoral districts. For the 2007 electorate boundaries, the Māori quota is 59,583. For both General and Māori electoral districts the Commission may allow the electoral population to vary from quota by up to plus or minus 5%.
Rounding	Census data have been randomly rounded to multiples of three to protect confidentiality. Individual figures may not add up to totals, and values for the same data may vary in different tables.
Suppression	Census data have been suppressed in areas containing less than six individuals. This affects data in the Household Composition, Labour Force and Employment Status, and Industries of the Gainfully Employed tables.
Total responses	Several census variables allow people to provide more than one response to the question. When a person has reported more than one response they will be counted in each group they reported. This means that the total population will be greater than the usual subject population for that variable, as individuals may be counted more than once.

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